

(Deemed to be University under section 3 of the UGC Act 1956)

## **Pharmacy**

### **Instructions / Note:**

- 1. Answer all the questions. Each question carries one mark.
- 2. No negative marks for wrong answers.
- 3. Read each question carefully and answer in the OMR sheet provided for each question with only blue/ black pen to fill the circles in the OMR Sheet.
- 4. Return the question paper along with the OMR sheet.

Time: 90 Minutes	
Venue:	[35X1=35]

### Part -B

- 1. Receptor mediated action are not seen in
  - A. Alcohol
  - B. Antipsychotic
  - C. Antacids
  - D. Benzodiazepines
- 2. "Gray baby syndrome" is associated with which of the following drugs
  - A. Fusidic acid
  - B. Teicoplanin
  - C. Chloramphenicol
  - D. Baitracin
- 3. Phentolamine is competitive antagonism of
  - A. Acetylcholine
  - B. Isoprenaline
  - C. Noradrenaline
  - D. Atropine
- 4. Conjugation of drugs include the following EXCEPT
  - A. Glucronidation
  - B. Sulfate formation
  - C. Methylation
  - D. Hydrolysis

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- 5. Which of the penicillin is effective both orally and parenterally
  - A. Amoxicillin
  - B. Cloxacillin
  - C. Ampicillin
  - D. Ofloxacin
- 6. Which of the following is not a type of chromatographic column packing material
  - A. Silica gel
  - B. C18
  - C. Polyethylene glycol [PEG]
  - D. Cellulose
- 7. Which of the following is not a type of calibration curve
  - A. Linear calibration curve
  - B. Quadratic calibration curve
  - C. Exponential calibration curve
  - D. Logarithmic calibration curve
- 8. Which of the following is not a type of syringe filter
  - A. Nylon syringe filter
  - B. PTFE syringe filter
  - C. PVDF syringe filter
  - D. Glass syringe filter
- 9. Which of the following is not a type of dissolution apparatus
  - A. USP apparatus 1
  - B. USP apparatus 2
  - C. USP apparatus 3
  - D. USP apparatus 4
- 10. Which of the following is not a type of UV-Visible spectroscopy technique
  - A. Absorbance spectroscopy
  - B. Fluorescence spectroscopy
  - C. Circular dichroism spectroscopy
  - D. Atomic absorption spectroscopy
- 11. Which of the following is not a type of drug degradation
  - A. Hydrolysis
  - B. Oxidation
  - C. Reduction
  - D. Polymerization

- 12. What is a solid lipid nanoparticle
  - A. A spherical solid particle prepared from physiological lipid, dispersed in water or in aqueous surfactant solution
  - B. A spherical solid particle prepared from synthetic lipid, dispersed in water or in aqueous surfactant solution
  - C. A spherical solid particle prepared from physiological lipid, dispersed in oil or in oily surfactant solution
  - D. A spherical solid particle prepared from synthetic lipid, dispersed in oil or in oily surfactant solution
- 13. What is a dendrimer?
  - A. A branched polymer with a highly branched, tree-like structure
  - B. A linear polymer with a highly branched, tree-like structure
  - C. A branched polymer with a highly linear, tree-like structure
  - D. A linear polymer with a highly linear, tree-like structure
- 14. Ketoconazole liposomes are given by
  - A. Lungs
  - B. Oral
  - C. Transdermal
  - D. Intravenous
- 15. Liposomes are spherical structures, usually between in diameter
  - A. 80nm-100nm
  - B. 60nm-100nm
  - C. 55nm-1000nm
  - D. 15nm-1000nm
- 16. What is the process of using a drug to target a specific receptor called
  - A. Receptor therapy
  - B. Antibody therapy
  - C. Biologic therapy
  - D. Gene therapy
- 17. What is the process of using CRISPER -Cas9 to modify a gene called
  - A. Gene therapy
  - B. Genetic engineering
  - C. Gene expression
  - D. Gene editing
- 18. The class of antibodies, which can cross placenta is
  - A. Ig D
  - B. Ig A
  - C. Ig G
  - D. Ig M

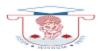
- 19. Home blood glucose sensor works on which principle?
  - A. Electrochemical
  - B. Electro-physiological
  - C. Chemical
  - D. Mechanical
- 20. What is the technology used for the production of monoclonal antibodies?
  - A. Hybridoma technology
  - B. Polymerase chain reaction [PCR]
  - C. Western blotting
  - D. ELISA
- 21. Which of the following is not a type of isomerism?
  - A. Stereoisomerism
  - B. Geometrical isomerism
  - C. Structural isomerism
  - D. Molecular isomerism
- 22. The antifungal drug, fluconazole belong to the class
  - A. Pyridine
  - B. Azoles
  - C. Pyrimidines
  - D. Acridines
- 23. Ciprofloxacin is a
  - A. Quinoline
  - B. Azole Quinoline
  - C. Isoquinoline drug
  - D. Quinclidine drug
- 24. Chemical name for plaster of paris
  - A. Magnesium sulphate
  - B. Calcium carbonate
  - C. Magnesium carbonate
  - D. Calcium sulphate
- 25. Ringer's injection contain
  - A. 10% fructose &0.9% sodium chloride
  - B. 15% mannitoL&0.45% sodium chloride
  - C. 0.9% sodium chloride & 0.245% lactic acid
  - D. 0.86% sodium chloride, 0.03% potassium chloride and 0.033% calcium chloride
- 26. Which of the following is not a type of secondary metabolite?
  - A. Alkaloids
  - B. Flavonoids
  - C. Terpinoids
  - D. Proteins

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27. Which of the following is not a type of plant cell?

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		Parenchyma	
		Collenchyma	
		Sclerenchyma	
	D.	Epithelial	
28.	As	Ashwagandha is common name for	
	A.	Wthania somniferum	
	B.	Holarrhena antidysentrica	
	C.	Bacopa moneira	
	D.	Centella asiatica	
29.	. Cinchona belongs to the family		
		Apocynaceae	
		Rutaceae	
	C.	Rubiaceae	
	D.	Lauraceae	
30.	Per	ppermint oil is synonym for	
	_	Mentha oil	
	B.	Chenopodium oil	
	C.	Cardamom oil	
	D.	Lemon oil	
31.		of clinical trial involves first time human trial in a small number of patients.	
		Phase I	
	B.	Phase II	
	C.	Phase III	
	D.	Phase IV	
32. Pharmaceutical equivalent that produce the same effects in patients			
		Therapeutic window	
		Minimum effective concentration (MEC)	
	C.	Minimum toxic concentration (MTC)	
	D.	Therapeutic equivalent	
33.	Idi	osyncrasy is	
		Type A ADRs	
		Type B ADRs	
		Type C ADRs	
	D.	Type D ADRs	
21	<b>\</b> \71	sich of the following is Type P. ADPS?	
34.		nich of the following is Type B ADRS?  Hypoglycaemia caused by Insulin	
		Anaemia in patient with G6PD deficiency caused by Primaquine	
		Dryness of mouth caused by Atropine	
		Hyperglycaemia caused by thiazide diuretics	



- 35. Science of collecting, monitoring, researching, assessing and evaluating information from healthcare providers and patients on the adverse effects of medications is known as
  - A. Pharmacovigilance.
  - B. Clinical Trails.
  - C. Observational study.
  - D. Qualitative study

